

2003	1					
( )	1110	3	A			

1	:
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1 가 ?

가.

. Gibbs

2 가?

가. Redlich-Kwong equation

. Beattie-Bridgeman equation

. Benedict-Webb-Rubin equation

. Gibbs-Duhem equation

3 300K 10atm 1atm ?

가. 787.2cal . 967.8cal

. 1136.2cal . 1372.6cal

4 가 2 ,

Avogadro 가

가

S 가 ?

가. S = RT ln 2 . S = -R ln 2

. S = R ln 2 . S = -RT ln 2

5 2 ?

가. U + KE + PE = Q - W

. S<sub>total</sub> 0

. lim<sub>T 0</sub> s = 0

. dU = dQ - dW

6 b 0 < b < V<sub>f</sub> 가?

. P(V-b) = RT, 1mol V<sub>i</sub> (work)

가. W = RT ln<sup>⎛</sup><sub>⎝</sub><sup>⎞</sup><sub>⎠</sub><sup>⎛</sup><sub>⎝</sub><sup>⎞</sup><sub>⎠</sub> <sup>Vf</sup><sub>Vi-b</sub> )

. W = RT ln<sup>⎛</sup><sub>⎝</sub> <sup>Vf</sup><sub>Vi</sub> )

. W = RT ln<sup>⎛</sup><sub>⎝</sub> <sup>Vi</sup><sub>Vf</sub> )

. W = RT ln<sup>⎛</sup><sub>⎝</sub> <sup>Vi-b</sup><sub>Vf-b</sub> )

7 Maxwell ?

가. ( <sup>T</sup><sub>V</sub> )<sub>s</sub> = -( <sup>P</sup><sub>S</sub> )<sub>v</sub>

. ( <sup>T</sup><sub>V</sub> )<sub>s</sub> = ( <sup>P</sup><sub>S</sub> )<sub>v</sub>

. ( <sup>V</sup><sub>T</sub> )<sub>v</sub> = ( <sup>P</sup><sub>S</sub> )<sub>v</sub>

. ( <sup>T</sup><sub>V</sub> )<sub>s</sub> = -( <sup>S</sup><sub>P</sub> )<sub>v</sub>

8 (simple fluid) Pitzer 가

(acentric factor) ?( , Ps .)

가. T/T<sub>C</sub> = 0.5 Ps/P<sub>C</sub> = 0.5 .

. T/T<sub>C</sub> = 0.7 Ps/P<sub>C</sub> = 0.5 .

. T/T<sub>C</sub> = 0.7 Ps/P<sub>C</sub> = 0.1 .

. T/T<sub>C</sub> = 0.5 Ps/P<sub>C</sub> = 0.1 .

9 Carnot ?

가.

. 가

. 가

. 가

10 -

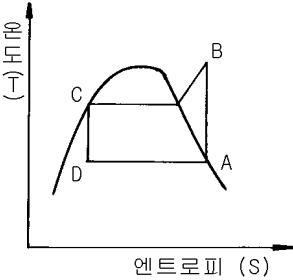
(coefficient of performance) ?

가. <sup>H<sub>A</sub> - H<sub>D</sub></sup><sub>(H<sub>B</sub>-H<sub>C</sub>)-(H<sub>A</sub>-H<sub>D</sub>)</sub>

. <sup>H<sub>D</sub> - H<sub>A</sub></sup><sub>(H<sub>C</sub>-H<sub>A</sub>)+(H<sub>A</sub>+H<sub>D</sub>)</sub>

. <sup>H<sub>A</sub> + H<sub>D</sub></sup><sub>(H<sub>B</sub>-H<sub>C</sub>)+(H<sub>A</sub>-H<sub>D</sub>)</sub>

. <sup>H<sub>B</sub> - H<sub>C</sub></sup><sub>(H<sub>A</sub>-H<sub>D</sub>)-(H<sub>C</sub>-H<sub>B</sub>)</sub>



엔트로피 (S)

11 1 가 .

? ( , =Cv/Cp)

가. W = -Cv T

. W = (P<sub>1</sub>V<sub>1</sub>-P<sub>2</sub>V<sub>2</sub>)/( -1)

. W = P<sub>1</sub>V<sub>1</sub>[1-(P<sub>2</sub>/P<sub>1</sub>)<sup>( -1)</sup> ]

. W = [RT<sub>1</sub>/( -1)][1-(P<sub>2</sub>/P<sub>1</sub>)<sup>( -1)</sup> ]

12 380 120 60.0[kW]

(Q<sub>H</sub>) ?

가. 23.9 [kW] . 87.7 [kW]

. 90.7 [kW] . 150.7 [kW]

13 가 ?

가. 가 . .

. . .

14 1kg-mol P<sub>1</sub>=15atm, V<sub>1</sub>=4.72L

P<sub>2</sub>=1atm 가 .

( H) 가?

[ , Cp=5kcal/kg.mol.K, Cv=3kcal/kg.mol.oK .]

가. -3027kcal . -4027kcal

. -5027kcal . -6027kcal

15 ?

가. 1 Gibbs G

. 1 S

. 1 V

. 1 Gibbs G

16 ,CO,CO<sub>2</sub>,CH<sub>4</sub>

가?

C + 2H<sub>2</sub>O CO<sub>2</sub> + 2H<sub>2</sub>, C + 2H<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>4</sub>

C + H<sub>2</sub>O CO + H<sub>2</sub>, CO + H<sub>2</sub>O CO<sub>2</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>

C + CO<sub>2</sub> 2CO, CO + 3H<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>4</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O

가. 1 . 2 . 3 . 4

17 ?

가.

. (phase)

.

18 Joule-Thomson μ<sub>T</sub> = 0 (inversion temperature) ?

가.

.

.

.

19 ?

가. .

.

20 가 ?

가 ?

, = a/V, k = b/V, a = ( <sup>V</sup><sub>T</sub> )<sub>P</sub>, b = -( <sup>V</sup><sub>P</sub> )<sub>T</sub>

가. V = aT + bP + const

. V = bT + aP + const

. V = aT - bP + const

. V = bT - aP + const

2	:
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21 Heptane(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>16</sub>) Dryice(CO<sub>2</sub>) . CO<sub>2</sub>가

Dryice 50% , Dryice

500kg Heptane ?

가. 325kg/hr . 227kg/hr

. 162kg/hr . 143kg/hr

22 10wt% A 50kg 20wt% B 50kg 가?

. 가?

가. 10wt% . 15wt% . 20wt% . 30wt%

23 220m 20m

가 15kg/s

potential energy 가 ( Ep)

가?

가. 35300J/s . 3600J/s

. 3000J/s . 200J/s

24 ?

가. -

. -

. -

. -

25 가 1atm, 20 .

1.75mmHg ?

( ,20 17.5mmHg .)

가. 4.33% . 10% . 43.3% . 100%

26 H<sub>2</sub> 33K , 12.8atm .

newton's Tc Pc ?

가. Tc = 47K, Pc = 26.8atm

. Tc = 45K, Pc = 24.8atm

. Tc = 41K, Pc = 20.8atm

. Tc = 38K, Pc = 17.8atm

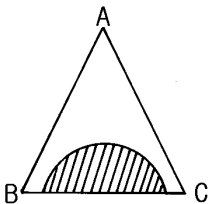
27 40 Raoult 가 ?( , 40 :180mmHg, :60mmHg : 30%, :70%( )) 가. 2 54mmHg, 42mmHg 240mmHg 56.3%, 43.7%

28 가. Clausius-Clapeyron Watson Watson Riedel

29 100 100kcal/kg 가 2kg 가 130kcal/kg 가. 55kcal 60kcal 75kcal 80kcal

30 K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>(MW:294) 13wt% 100kg 64kg 20 K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> 가 ?( ,20 K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> 0.04kg -mole/100kgH<sub>2</sub>O ) 가. 68.2% 71.2% 79.2% 83.2%

31 A,B,C 3 가. A B A,B,C A C B C ( )



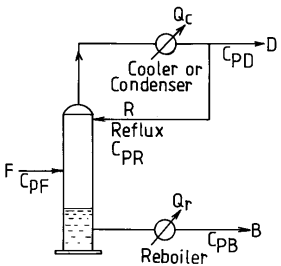
32 C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH( ) + 3O<sub>2</sub>(g) 3H<sub>2</sub>O( ) + 2CO<sub>2</sub>(g) 25 Hv = -326.1kcal Hp 가 ? 가. -324.7kcal +325.5kcal -326.7kcal +326.7kcal

33 CO<sub>2</sub> 2CO<sub>2</sub> 2CO + O<sub>2</sub> 11.2L CO<sub>2</sub>가 3000K 가 가 ? 가. 160L 160m<sup>3</sup> 150L 150m<sup>3</sup>

34 1000 450 가 ?( , 2, 28 ) 가. 16.7 g/gmol 15.7 g/gmol 14.7 g/gmol 13.7 g/gmol

35 ( $\overline{C_p}$ ) ? 가. . .

36 condenser , F , D , Q<sub>r</sub> Reboiler 가 C<sub>p</sub> stream , B Over ? all energy balance



가. Q<sub>r</sub> - Q<sub>c</sub> = D C<sub>PD</sub>dT + B C<sub>PB</sub>dT - F C<sub>PF</sub>dT Q<sub>r</sub> - Q<sub>c</sub> = D C<sub>PD</sub>dT + B C<sub>PB</sub>dT + F C<sub>PF</sub>dT Q<sub>r</sub> - Q<sub>c</sub> = F C<sub>PF</sub>dT + D C<sub>PD</sub>dT - B C<sub>PB</sub>dT Q<sub>r</sub> - Q<sub>c</sub> = F C<sub>PF</sub>dT - D C<sub>PD</sub>dT + F C<sub>PR</sub>dT

37 가. 가 . 가

38 가? ( , C:12, O:16, H:1 ) 가. 0.5 0.6 0.4 0.3

39 ? 가. (H<sub>A</sub>) (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N) (X<sub>A</sub>) (H<sub>A</sub>) (P<sub>A</sub>)

40 CO<sub>2</sub> 70V% NH<sub>3</sub> 30V% 35V% CO<sub>2</sub> KOH CO<sub>2</sub> 가?( , KOH NH<sub>3</sub> 가 ) 가. 77% 66% 55% 44%

3 :

41 가. 가 가 baffle floating - head ( )

42 가 가 4.4 , 15.24 % 가 60 , 22.86 % 0.24kcal/kg 가. 24.1 kcal/kg air 6.69 kcal/kg air 13.35 kcal/kg air 48.03 kcal/kg air

43 - 가. 가 가 가 가 가

44 (radiation) Kirchhoff 가. 가 (emissivity) (absorptivity) (radiating power) 4 (maximum monochromatic radiating power)

45 가 가 가. A = 1, B = 1 A < 1, B > 1 A < 1, B < 1 A > 1, B > 1

46 1atm 0.6 가. 1.3 1.5 2.0 2.7

47 가. 가 (Fanning) Poiseuille 가 (線流) 48 (plait point) 가. , tie - line 가 0 , tie - line 가 가

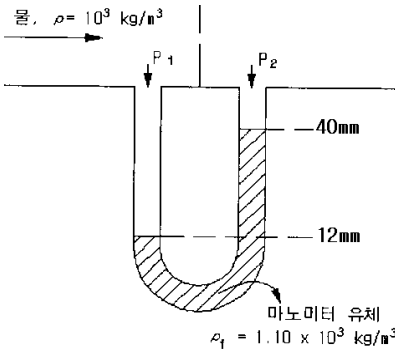
49 가. 50 가. mixer - settler Batch spray - tower Heavy liquid , light liquid perforated - plate tower pulse - column

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51	가 (Viscous shear)	(Eddy viscosity)
	가. Viscous sublayer . Turbulent core	. Buffer layer . Logarithmic layer
52	0.9 (head) 가 ?	25psi
	가. 12.19m . 19.52m . 1.219m . 1.954m	
53	가 a) 가 (氣泡塔) b) 가 (噴霧塔)	?
	가. 가 가 b)	
	. 가 가 b)	
	. 가 가	
	. 가 가 a)	
54	가. (sand bed)	( ) ?
	(non porous clay slab)	
	(porous ceramic plate)	
	(non porous plastic flim)	
55	N <sub>Nu</sub> (Nusselt number) ( , N <sub>st</sub> = stanton , N <sub>pr</sub> = Prandtl )	?
	가. KD/h (conduction) / (convection)	
	. N <sub>st</sub> /N <sub>re</sub> · N <sub>pr</sub>	

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56	가. 가	?
	. 가	
57	가 feed 가 feed 1 mole (feed pate) vapor 0.4mole . feed 80mole% methanol 20mole% (feed line) ?	
	가. y = 3.5x - 2 . y = - 1.5x + 2 . y = 1.5x + 0.5 . y = - 3.5x + 2	
58	가. 가	?
	. 가	
	. 가	
	. 가	
	. 가	
59	P <sub>1</sub> - P <sub>2</sub> ? 물, ρ= 10 <sup>3</sup> kg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	가. 3.98x 10 <sup>-4</sup> psia . 2.23x 10 <sup>-3</sup> psia . 3.98x 10 <sup>-3</sup> psia . 2.23x 10 <sup>-2</sup> psia	



60	가 가 0.67 kcal/hr· 900kg 가 150 100 가 15 ?( , 1.5m² .) 730kcal/hr· m²·	
	가. 7 . 14 . 18 . 33	
	4 :	

61	- . ?	
	가. A $\begin{matrix} \nearrow R \\ \leftarrow S \end{matrix}$ A $\begin{matrix} \nearrow R \\ \leftarrow S \end{matrix}$ A $\begin{matrix} \nearrow R \\ \searrow S \end{matrix}$	
	. A $\rightleftharpoons$ R $\rightarrow$ S	

62	A R S R . 가 ?	
	가. . . 가 .	

63	A $\rightarrow$ R 가 K <sub>298</sub> = 300 Hr <sub>298</sub> = -18,000cal/mol . 75 ?	
	가. 69% . 55% . 79% . 93%	

64	A R, k <sub>1</sub> = 100 R S, k <sub>2</sub> = 1 A S, k ?	
	가. 0.99 . 1 . 100 . 101	

65	Langmuir 가 ?	
	가. . . .	

66	1 time) ? ( , .) (Space	
	가. $\frac{X_A}{1 - X_A}$ . $\frac{C_{A0} - C_A}{k C_A}$	
	. $\frac{-\ln (1 - X_A)}{k}$ . $\ln (1 - X_A)$	

67	가 1mole/ 2liter 0.1mole/ A 가 (mole/ . min) ?	A가 1 /min
	가. 0.45 . 0.50 . 0.75 . 0.90	

68	20 1 : 1000 ?	
	가. 3105cal . 4022cal . 3725cal . 4303cal	
69	NO <sub>2</sub> 0.138 /mol· sec 812 550 1 0.370 / mol· sec 694 ?	
	가. 0.0482 /mol· sec . 0.0382 /mol· sec . 0.0282 /mol· sec . 0.0182 /mol· sec	

70	가 ?	
	가. . . .	

71	가. . . .	
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72	S 가? A + B $\xrightarrow{k_1}$ R $\frac{dC_R}{dt} = K_1 C_A^{0.5} C_B^{1.8}$ A + B $\xrightarrow{k_2}$ S $\frac{dC_s}{dt} = K_2 C_A C_B^{0.3}$	
	가. C <sub>A</sub> , C <sub>B</sub> . C <sub>A</sub> , C <sub>B</sub> . C <sub>A</sub> , C <sub>B</sub> . C <sub>A</sub> , C <sub>B</sub>	

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73 (autocatalytic reaction) ?

가.  $C_A/C_{A0}$

74 ?

가. . . . .

75 ?

$2A \xrightarrow{k_1} 2R$

가.  $-r_A=r_R=k_1CA^2$  .  $-r_A=-r_R=k_1CA^2$

.  $-r_A=r_R=k_1CA$  .  $-r_A=-r_R=k_1CA$

76  $\phi = 1/(1+C_A)$  ?

( ,  $C_{A0} = 1$ ,  $C_{A1} = 1/2$ ,  $C_{A2} = 0$  mole/ . )

가. 1/2 . 2/3 . 5/6 . 1

77 A R S R 1

A 2 S R ?

가. A . A . A . A

78 60 % A가 1

4 가 A % 가 가?

A P ,  $-r_A = kC_A$

가. 60 % . 73 % . 86 % . 92 %

79 A R 가 1

$CA_0$  가 ?

가. 가 . . . . .

80 ( ) 90g

He  $40cm^3$  ,  $80cm^3$  .

(true density) ?

가. 1.25g/cm<sup>3</sup> . 2.25g/cm<sup>3</sup>

. 3.25g/cm<sup>3</sup> . 4.25g/cm<sup>3</sup>

5 :

81 G(s) (unit step)

$y_s$ , (impulse)  $y_I$   $y_s$

$y_I$  ?

가.  $\frac{dy_s}{dt} = y_s$  .  $\frac{dy_s}{dt} = y_I$

.  $\frac{d^2y_I}{dt^2} = y_s$  .  $\frac{d^2y_s}{dt^2} = y_I$

82  $\frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$  ?

가.  $\frac{G_1G_2G_3+G_3}{1+G_2G_3}$

.  $\frac{G_1G_2G_3+G_3}{1+G_1G_3}$

.  $\frac{G_1G_2G_3+G_2}{1+G_1}$

.  $\frac{G_1G_2G_3+G_3}{1+G_1}$

83 f(t) ?

가.  $f(S) = \frac{1}{S} + \frac{-S_-}{S^2} - \frac{-3S}{S}$

.  $f(S) = \frac{-S_-}{S} - \frac{-2S}{S^2}$

.  $f(S) = \frac{1}{S} \{ \frac{1}{S} - \frac{-S}{1-S} \}$

.  $f(S) = \frac{1}{S^2} (1-2^{-S} + -2S)$

84 Routh ?

가. Routh array (+)

. S n

. Routh

. 가 .

85  $y_{ss}, u_{ss}$

?  $\frac{dy(t)}{dt} = y(t) + y(t)u(t)$

가.  $\frac{d(y(t)-y_{ss})}{dt} = (1+u_{ss})(y-y_{ss}) + y_{ss}(u-u_{ss})$

.  $\frac{d(y(t)-y_{ss})}{dt} = (1+u_{ss})(u-u_{ss}) + y_{ss}(y-y_{ss})$

.  $\frac{d(y(t)-y_{ss})}{dt} = u_{ss}(u-u_{ss}) + y_{ss}(y-y_{ss})$

.  $\frac{d(y(t)-y_{ss})}{dt} = u_{ss}(y-y_{ss}) + y_{ss}(u-u_{ss})$

86 가

? 가. \_\_\_\_\_

. \_\_\_\_\_

. \_\_\_\_\_

87 2 가

가  $2S^2Y(S) + 2SY(S) + Y(S) = X(S)$

2 :  $2S^2Y(S) + 2SY(S) + Y(S) = X(S)$

가. > 1 . = 1 . < 1 . 0

88 (inverse response) ?

가. . . . .

89 가

0 가

? 가. 가 가 가

. 가 가 가

. 가 가 가

90 4

가  $G(S) = \frac{P(S)}{(S)} = K(1+S)$

가 ?

가. P . PI . PD . PID

91 가 3sec Kp가 1 가

20 3sec 100 ?

가. 68.4 . 70.6

. 72.3 . 81.9

92 (liquid level system)가

(A)  $A = 3ft^2$ ,  $q_0 = 8\sqrt{h}$  h = 4ft

(time constant) 가 ?

가. 4/9min .  $3\sqrt{3}/4min$  . 3/4min . 3/2min

93 f(t)=1 Laplace ?

가. S .  $\frac{1}{S}$  . S<sup>2</sup> .  $\frac{1}{S^2}$

94

?

Y<sub>1</sub>(s)Y<sub>2</sub>(s)

F<sub>1</sub>(s)

G<sub>1</sub>(s)

G<sub>2</sub>(s)

G<sub>3</sub>(s)

F<sub>2</sub>(s)

G<sub>4</sub>(s)

+

+

Y<sub>1</sub>(s)

Y<sub>2</sub>(s)

가. Y<sub>1</sub>(S) = G<sub>1</sub>(S)F<sub>1</sub>(S) + G<sub>3</sub>(S)F<sub>2</sub>(S)  
Y<sub>2</sub>(S) = G<sub>2</sub>(S)F<sub>1</sub>(S) + G<sub>4</sub>(S)F<sub>2</sub>(S)  
. Y<sub>1</sub>(S) = G<sub>1</sub>(S)F<sub>1</sub>(S) + G<sub>2</sub>(S)F<sub>2</sub>(S)  
Y<sub>2</sub>(S) = G<sub>3</sub>(S)F<sub>1</sub>(S) + G<sub>4</sub>(S)F<sub>2</sub>(S)  
. Y<sub>1</sub>(S) = G<sub>3</sub>(S)F<sub>1</sub>(S) + G<sub>1</sub>(S)F<sub>2</sub>(S)  
Y<sub>2</sub>(S) = G<sub>2</sub>(S)F<sub>1</sub>(S) + G<sub>4</sub>(S)F<sub>2</sub>(S)  
. Y<sub>1</sub>(S) = G<sub>1</sub>(S)F<sub>1</sub>(S) + G<sub>4</sub>(S)F<sub>2</sub>(S)  
Y<sub>2</sub>(S) = G<sub>2</sub>(S)F<sub>1</sub>(S) + G<sub>3</sub>(S)F<sub>2</sub>(S)

95

가 K/(s + 4)(s + 5)S가 ?

가. ± 3/4 ± 3/4 . ± 3 ± 2  
. ± 2/3 ± 2/3 . ± 3 ±

96

가 ?

z

P

P

P

R

P

y

공기

공압

97

가 ?

가. (panel )  
. ( )  
. ( )

98

가 Y(S)/X(S) = ( 1S + 1)/( 2S + 1)  
Y(t) ?

가. 1+ 1- 2 -t/ 2 . 1+ 1- 2 -t/ 2  
. 1+ 2- 1 -t/ 2 . 1+ 2- 1 -t/ 2

99

q = k c A T<sup>4</sup>  
(k, c, A : ). T = T<sub>s</sub>  
?  
가. 4k c A T<sub>s</sub><sup>3</sup>(T - 0.75T<sub>s</sub>) . k c A (T - T<sub>s</sub>)  
. 3k c A T<sub>s</sub><sup>3</sup>(T - T<sub>s</sub>) . k c A T<sub>s</sub><sup>4</sup>(T - T<sub>s</sub>)

100

가. 6 :  
가. 2 (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> . P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>  
가 ?  
( , (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> M.W = 132, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> M.W = 142)  
가. 53.8% . 73.8% . 81.9% . 92.9%

102

가. 가  
. SO<sub>3</sub> 가  
. 200 가  
. 가

103

Dorr NaOH CaCO<sub>3</sub>가  
가 ?  
가. 가  
. 가  
. 가  
. 가

104

가  
?  
가. 가  
. 가  
. 가  
. 가

105

?  
가. .  
. .  
가. CO<sub>2</sub> 가  
. CO<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>x</sub>  
. NO<sub>x</sub> 가  
. 100% 가 .

106

?  
가. (HCl)가  
. 가  
. 가  
. 가  
. 가

107

(HCl)가  
?  
가. 가 가  
. , 가  
. 가 가  
. 가

108

?  
가. .  
. .  
가. (Pt) 60%  
. , , ,  
. (Rh) 10% 2%  
. (Pt)

109

- (Pt-Rh)  
?  
가. (Pt) 60%  
. , , ,  
. (Rh) 10% 2%  
. (Pt)

110

100,000 1 g  
200,000 2 g  
?  
가. 0.5× 10<sup>5</sup> . 0.667× 10<sup>5</sup>  
. 1.5× 10<sup>5</sup> . 1.667× 10<sup>5</sup>

111

가  
?  
가. 가  
. 가  
. 가

112

H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> 60%, HNO<sub>3</sub> 32%, H<sub>2</sub>O 8% 가 100kg  
Sulfuric acid) ? DVS(Dehydration Value of  
가. 2.50 . 3.50 . 4.50 . 5.50

113

?  
가. .  
. H<sub>2</sub>, ,  
. , ,  
. hydrazine, Cl<sub>2</sub>  
. (160 ) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> ?  
가. - . -  
. - . -

114

가. 가  
. 가  
. 가

115

?  
가. .  
. 가 .

116

?  
가. .  
. .  
. .

117

가  
?  
가. MgO . CuO . TiO<sub>2</sub> . FeO

118

?  
가. .  
. .  
. (visbreaking)  
?  
가. 480 ,  
. ,  
. ,

119

(visbreaking)  
?  
가. IG . Inventa  
. Du Pont . CCC

120

?  
가. IG . Inventa  
. Du Pont . CCC



25. 450 g of a mixture of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$  and  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8$  is burned in excess  $\text{O}_2$  to produce  $\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The mass of  $\text{CO}_2$  produced is 1000 g. The mass of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  produced is \_\_\_\_\_ g.

가. 2,000  
나. 1,500  
다. 1,000  
라. 750

26. A mixture of 220 m<sup>3</sup> of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$  and 20 m<sup>3</sup> of  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8$  is burned in excess  $\text{O}_2$  to produce  $\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The mass of  $\text{CO}_2$  produced is 15 kg/s. The mass of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  produced is \_\_\_\_\_ kg/s.

가. 35300 J/s  
나. 3600 J/s  
다. 3000 J/s  
라. 200 J/s

27. 40 g of a mixture of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$  and  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8$  is burned in excess  $\text{O}_2$  to produce  $\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The mass of  $\text{CO}_2$  produced is 180 mmHg. The mass of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  produced is \_\_\_\_\_ mmHg.

가. 60 mmHg  
나. 30 mmHg  
다. 70 mmHg  
라. 43.7 mmHg

28. A mixture of 2 g of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$  and 42 mmHg of  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8$  is burned in excess  $\text{O}_2$  to produce  $\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The mass of  $\text{CO}_2$  produced is 54 mmHg. The mass of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  produced is \_\_\_\_\_ mmHg.

가. 240 mmHg  
나. 56.3 mmHg  
다. 43.7 mmHg  
라. 56.3 mmHg

29. 10 wt% A and 50 kg of 20 wt% B are mixed. The mass of the mixture is 50 kg. The mass of A is \_\_\_\_\_ kg.

가. 10 wt%  
나. 15 wt%  
다. 20 wt%  
라. 30 wt%

30. Heptane ( $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16}$ ) and Dryice ( $\text{CO}_2$ ) are mixed. The mass of Heptane is 500 kg. The mass of Dryice is 50 kg. The mass of the mixture is \_\_\_\_\_ kg.

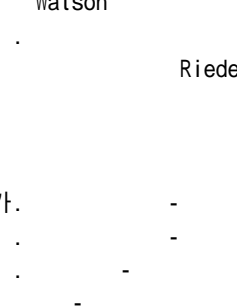
가. 325 kg/hr  
나. 227 kg/hr  
다. 162 kg/hr  
라. 143 kg/hr

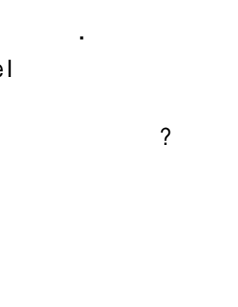
31.  $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$  (MW: 294) 13 wt% and 100 kg of  $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$  are mixed. The mass of the mixture is 64 kg. The mass of  $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$  is 0.04 kg. The mass of the mixture is \_\_\_\_\_ kg.

가. 68.2%  
나. 71.2%  
다. 79.2%  
라. 83.2%

**B - 10 - 3 - 1110**

[illegible]

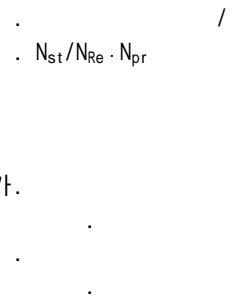
39. 

40. 

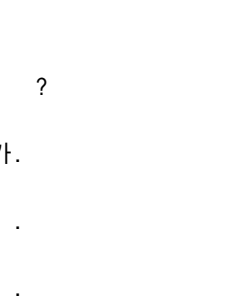
41.  $N_{Nu}$  (Nusselt number)  $N_{St} = \text{ Stanton }$  ,  $N_{Pr} = \text{ Prandtl }$  ?

가.  $KD/h$  (conduction) / (convection)

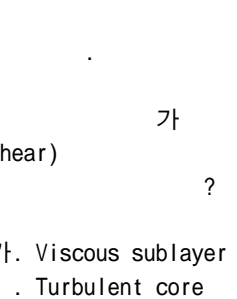
나.  $N_{St}/N_{Re} \cdot N_{Pr}$

42. 

가. (extraction) (leaching),

43. 

가. (extraction) (leaching),

44. 

가. Viscous shear) (Viscous shear) (Eddy viscosity)

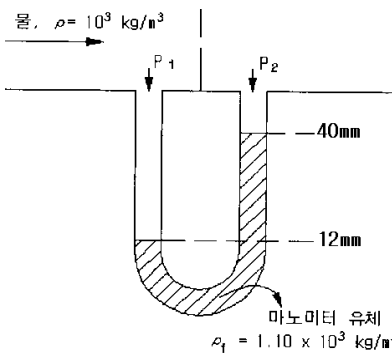
가. Viscous sublayer Buffer layer

나. Turbulent core Logarithmic layer

**B - 10 - 4 - 1110**

45. 가 4.4 , 15.24 m% 가  
60 , 22.86 m%  
0.24kcal/kg. ?  
가. 24.1 kcal/kg air . 6.69 kcal/kg air  
. 13.35 kcal/kg air . 48.03 kcal/kg air

46.  $P_1 - P_2$  ?  
가.  $3.98 \times 10^{-4}$  psia  
.  $2.23 \times 10^{-3}$  psia  
.  $3.98 \times 10^{-3}$  psia  
.  $2.23 \times 10^{-2}$  psia



47. 1atm 0.6 ?  
( , 0.8 )  
가. 1.3 . 1.5 . 2.0 . 2.7

48. 가 feed 가  
feed 1 mole (feed pate) vapor  
0.4mole . feed 80mole% methanol  
20mole% (feed line) ?  
가.  $y = 3.5x - 2$  .  $y = -1.5x + 2$   
.  $y = 1.5x + 0.5$  .  $y = -3.5x + 2$

49. - ?  
가. 가 가  
. 가 가  
. 가 가  
. 가 가  
. 가 가

50. (radiation) Kirchhoff  
? 가  
가. 가 (emissivity) (absorptivity)  
. (radiating power)  
4  
. (maximum monochromatic radiating power)

2003	1				
( )	1110	3	B		

51 0.9 가 25psi  
(head) ?  
가. 12.19m . 19.52m . 1.219m . 1.954m

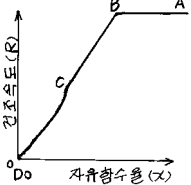
52 ?  
가. 가  
(Fanning) Poiseulle  
가  
(線流)

53 가 , 가  
?  
가.  $A = 1, B = 1$  .  $A < 1, B > 1$   
.  $A < 1, B < 1$  .  $A > 1, B > 1$

54 ?  
가.  
.  
.  
.

55 가 가 가  
0.67 kcal/hr· 900kg  
가 150 100  
가 가 가 15  
100 가 ?(  
730kcal/hr· m<sup>2</sup>. 1.5m<sup>2</sup> .)  
가. 7 . 14 . 18 . 33

56 ( )  
?  
가. (sand bed)  
(non porous clay slab)  
(porous ceramic plate)  
(non porous plastic flim)



57 ?  
가. 가  
baffle  
( ) floating - head  
.

58 (plait point) ?  
가.  
, tie - line 가 0  
, tie - line 가 가  
.

59 ?  
가. mixer - settler Batch  
spray - tower Heavy liquid , light liquid  
perforated - plate tower  
pulse - column

60 가 ?  
a) 가 (氣泡塔)  
b) 가 (噴霧塔)  
가. 가 가 b)  
가 가 b)  
가 가  
가 가 a)

4 :

61 Langmuir 가 ?  
가.  
.  
.  
.

62 S ,  
가?  
 $A + B \xrightarrow{k_1} R$   $\frac{dC_R}{dt} = K_1 C_A^{0.5} C_B^{1.8}$   
 $A + B \xrightarrow{k_2} S$   $\frac{dC_S}{dt} = K_2 C_A C_B^{0.3}$   
가.  $C_A$  ,  $C_B$   
.  $C_A$  ,  $C_B$   
.  $C_A$  ,  $C_B$   
.  $C_A$  ,  $C_B$

63 1 (Space time) ? ( , .)  
가.  $= \frac{X_A}{1 - X_A}$  .  $= \frac{C_{A0} - C_A}{k C_A}$   
 $= \frac{-\ln (1 - X_A)}{k}$  .  $= \ln (1 - X_A)$

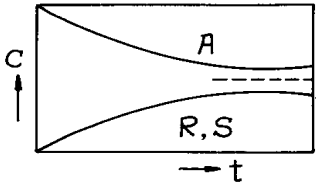
64 1  
60 % A가  
4 가 A % 가 가?  
A 栓 P , -r<sub>A</sub> = kC<sub>A</sub>  
가. 60 % . 73 % . 86 % . 92 %

65 ?  
 $2A \xrightarrow{k_1} 2R$   
가. -r<sub>A</sub>=r<sub>R</sub>=k<sub>1</sub>CA<sup>2</sup> . -r<sub>A</sub>=-r<sub>R</sub>=k<sub>1</sub>CA<sup>2</sup>  
. -r<sub>A</sub>=r<sub>R</sub>=k<sub>1</sub>CA . -r<sub>A</sub>=-r<sub>R</sub>=k<sub>1</sub>CA

66 A R, k<sub>1</sub> = 100 R S, k<sub>2</sub> = 1 A S,  
k ?  
가. 0.99 . 1 . 100 . 101

67 A R S R  
가  
.  
.  
.  
가 .

68 - ?  
가. A  $\rightleftharpoons$  R  $\rightleftharpoons$  S  
A  $\rightleftharpoons$  R  $\rightleftharpoons$  S  
A  $\rightleftharpoons$  R  $\rightleftharpoons$  S  
A  $\rightleftharpoons$  R  $\rightarrow$  S

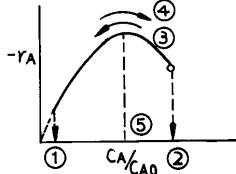


69 1 : 1000 ?  
20  
가. 3105cal . 3725cal  
. 4022cal . 4303cal

70 가 ?  
가.  
.  
.  
.

71 ?  
가.  
.  
.  
.

72 (autocatalytic reaction) ?  
가. C<sub>A</sub>/C<sub>A0</sub>  
1  
-r<sub>A</sub>  
C<sub>A</sub>/C<sub>A0</sub>



73 A  $\rightarrow$  R 가 K<sub>298</sub> = 300  
Hr<sub>298</sub> = -18,000cal/mol . 75  
?  
가. 69% . 55% . 79% . 93%





2003	1				
( )	1110	3	B		

**96** 가 ?

가. \_\_\_\_\_

. \_\_\_\_\_

. \_\_\_\_\_

. \_\_\_\_\_

**97** (inverse response) ?

가.

. . . . .

**98** 가

0

?

가.

가

가

가

가

가

가

**99** 4

가  $G(S)=\frac{P(S)}{(S)}=K(1+ S)$

가 ?

가. P . PI . PD . PID

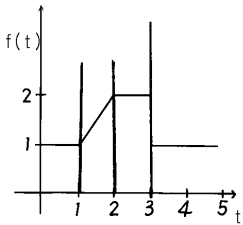
**100**  $f(t)$  가 ?

가.  $f(S)=\frac{1}{S}+\frac{-S_-^{-2S}}{S^2}-\frac{-3S}{S}$

.  $f(S)=\frac{-S_-^{-2S}}{S}$

.  $f(S)=\frac{1}{S}\{\frac{1}{S}-\frac{-S}{1-^{-S}}\}$

.  $f(S)=\frac{1}{S^2}(1-2^{-S}+^{-2S})$



**6** :

**101** ?

가. IG . Inventa

. Du Pont . CCC

**102** 가

?

가. 가

. . . . .

가

**103** ?

가.

. H<sub>2</sub>, ,

. , ,

. hydrazine, Cl<sub>2</sub>

**104** - (Pt-Rh) ?

가. (Pt) 60%

. , , ,

. (Rh) 10% 2%

. (Pt)

**105** ?

가. .

. .

**106** (visbreaking) ?

가.

. 480 ,

. . . . .

**107** 100,000 1 g

200,000 2 g

?

가. 0.5× 10<sup>5</sup> . 0.667× 10<sup>5</sup>

. 1.5× 10<sup>5</sup> . 1.667× 10<sup>5</sup>

**108** ?

가. .

. .

**109** H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> 60%, HNO<sub>3</sub> 32%, H<sub>2</sub>O 8% 가 100kg

DVS(Dehydration Value of Sulfuric acid) ?

가. 2.50 . 3.50 . 4.50 . 5.50

**110** Dorr NaOH CaCO<sub>3</sub>가 가

가 ?

가.

. . . . .

**111** ?

가.

. . . . .

**112** . ?

가. CO<sub>2</sub> 가

. CO<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>x</sub>

. NO<sub>x</sub> 가

. 100% 가 .

**113** ?

가. .

. 가 .

**114** 가

?

가. 가 .

. . . . .

**115** 2 (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> . P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>

가 가 ?

( , (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> M.W = 132, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> M.W = 142)

가. 53.8% . 73.8% . 81.9% . 92.9%

**116** ?

가. .

. .

**117** ?

가.

. SO<sub>3</sub> 가

. 200

. 가 .

**118** 가

. , ?

가. MgO . CuO . TiO<sub>2</sub> . FeO

**119** (HCl)가 ?

가. 가 가 .

. ,

. 가 .

. 가 가

**120** (160 ) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> ?

,

가. - . -

. - . -