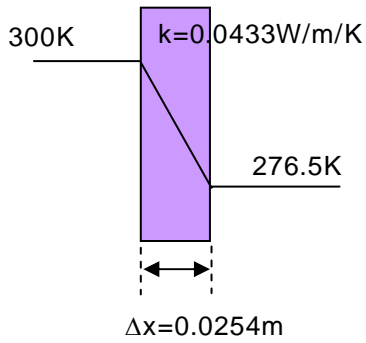


4.1-1. flux (W/m²) .



Fourier's law ,

$$\frac{q}{A} = -k \frac{dT}{dx} = k \frac{T_1 - T_2}{\Delta x} = 0.0433 \frac{W}{mK} \frac{(300 - 276.5)K}{0.0254m} = 39.78 \frac{W}{m^2}$$

4.2-4 가 , 가?

$$\frac{q}{A} = -k \frac{dT}{dx}$$

$$k = a + bT + cT^3$$

k 가 , (q) (A) , dx

$$\frac{q}{A} dx = -k dT$$

$$\frac{q}{A} \int_{x_1}^{x_2} dx = - \int_{T_1}^{T_2} k dT$$

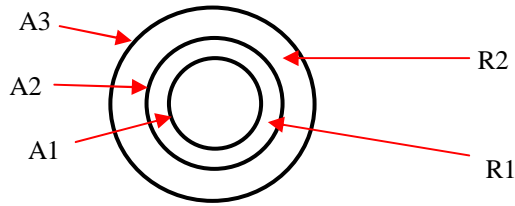
$$\frac{q}{A} [x]_{x_1}^{x_2} = - \int_{T_1}^{T_2} (a + bT + cT^3) dT$$

$$\frac{q}{A} (x_2 - x_1) = - \left[aT + \frac{b}{2} T^2 + \frac{c}{4} T^4 \right]_{T_1}^{T_2}$$

$$\frac{q}{A} (x_2 - x_1) = -a(T_2 - T_1) - \frac{b}{2} (T_2^2 - T_1^2) - \frac{c}{4} (T_2^4 - T_1^4)$$

$$\frac{q}{A} = - \left[a + \frac{b}{2} (T_2 + T_1) + \frac{c}{4} (T_2^2 + T_1^2) (T_2 + T_1) \right] \frac{(T_2 - T_1)}{\Delta x}$$

4.3-4



a) (q, J/s)

2가

(q)

$$q = U\Delta T \quad (4.3-4-1)$$

$$U = \frac{1}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{1}{\frac{\Delta r_1}{k_1 A_{1m1}} + \frac{\Delta r_2}{k_2 A_{2m2}}} \quad (4.3-4-2)$$

$$\Delta T = 121.1 - 26.7 = 94.4K \quad , \quad 3$$

$$A_1 = 2\pi r_1 L = 2 \cdot 3.14 \cdot \frac{52.5}{2} \times 10^{-3} m \cdot 30.5m = 5.03m^2$$

$$A_2 = 2\pi r_2 L = 2 \cdot 3.14 \cdot \left(\frac{52.5}{2} + 3.91\right) \times 10^{-3} m \cdot 30.5m = 5.777m^2$$

$$A_3 = 2\pi r_3 L = 2 \cdot 3.14 \cdot \left(\frac{52.5}{2} + 3.91 + 25.4\right) \times 10^{-3} m \cdot 30.5m = 10.642m^2$$

$$R_1 = \frac{\Delta r_1}{k_1 A_{1m1}} = \frac{3.91 \times 10^{-3} m}{45 \frac{W}{mK} \cdot \frac{5.777 - 5.03}{\ln \frac{5.777}{5.03}} m^2} = 1.6106 \times 10^{-5} \frac{K}{W}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{\Delta r_2}{k_2 A_{2m2}} = \frac{25.4 \times 10^{-3} m}{0.182 \frac{W}{mK} \cdot \frac{10.642 - 5.777}{\ln \frac{10.642}{5.777}} m^2} = 1.7525 \times 10^{-2} \frac{K}{W}$$

U

$$U = \frac{1}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{1}{1.6106 \times 10^{-5} + 1.7525 \times 10^{-2}} \frac{W}{K} = 57.009 \frac{W}{K} \quad (4.3-4-3)$$

$$(4.3-4-1) \quad (4.3-4-3) \quad ,$$

$$q = U\Delta T = 57.009 \frac{W}{K} 94.4K = 5381.6W$$

b)

120 °C 가

937

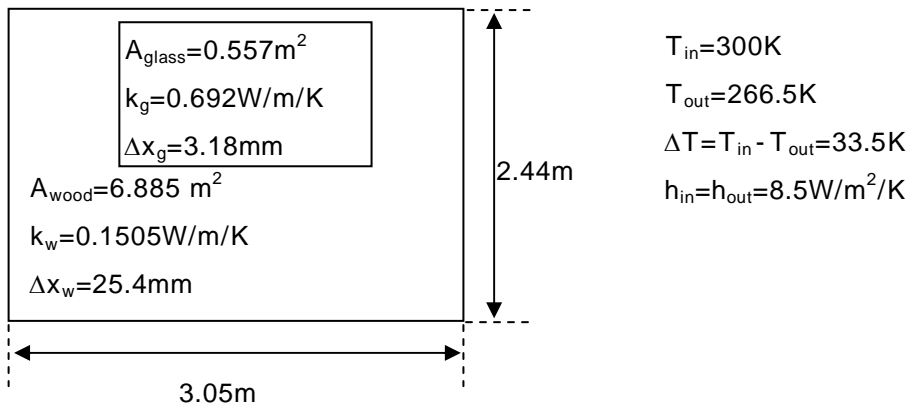
$$\Delta H^{vap} = (2706.3 - 503.71)kJ / kg = 2202.59kJ / kg$$

가 , .

$$q\left[\frac{kJ}{hr}\right] = \Delta H^{vap}\left[\frac{kJ}{kg}\right] \cdot \dot{m}\left[\frac{kg}{hr}\right]$$

$$\dot{m} = \frac{q}{\Delta H^{vap}} = 5381.6 \frac{J}{s} \cdot \frac{3600s}{hr} \cdot \frac{kJ}{1000J} \cdot \frac{kg}{2202.59kJ} = 8.8kg/hr$$

4.3-6



$$A_{\text{wood}} = 3.05 \times 2.44 \text{ m}^2 - 0.557 \text{ m}^2 = 6.885 \text{ m}^2$$

a)

3

:

$$U = \frac{1}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{h_{\text{out}} A_w} + \frac{\Delta x_w}{k_w A_w} + \frac{1}{h_{\text{in}} A_w}} \quad (4.3-6-1)$$

$$U_w = \frac{A_w}{\frac{1}{h_{\text{out}}} + \frac{\Delta x_w}{k_w} + \frac{1}{h_{\text{in}}}} = \frac{6.885 \text{ m}^2}{\frac{\text{m}^2 \text{ K}}{8.5 \text{ W}} + \frac{0.0254 \text{ m}^2 \text{ K}}{0.1505 \text{ W}} + \frac{\text{m}^2 \text{ K}}{8.5 \text{ W}}} = 17.039 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{K}}$$

q

$$q_w = U_w \Delta T = 17.039 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{K}} \cdot 33.5 \text{ K} = 570.82 \text{ W}$$

b)

$$U_g = \frac{1}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{h_{out} A_g} + \frac{\Delta x_g}{k_g A_g} + \frac{1}{h_{in} A_g}} = \frac{A_g}{\frac{1}{h_{out}} + \frac{\Delta x_g}{k_g} + \frac{1}{h_{in}}}$$

$$U_g = \frac{A_g}{\frac{1}{h_{out}} + \frac{\Delta x_g}{k_g} + \frac{1}{h_{in}}} = \frac{0.557 m^2}{\frac{1}{8.5 W} + \frac{0.00318 m^2 K}{0.692 W} + \frac{1}{8.5 W}} = 2.3219 \frac{W}{K}$$

q

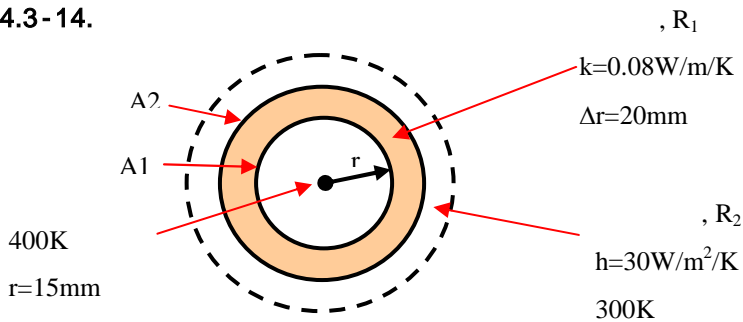
$$q_g = U_g \Delta T = 2.3219 \frac{W}{K} \cdot 33.5 K = 77.78 W$$

c)

q

$$q = q_w + q_g = 570.82 W + 77.78 W = 648.6 W$$

4.3-14.



a)

?

1

$$U = \frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{hA_1}} = hA_1 \tag{4.3-14-1}$$

L

$$A_1 = 2\pi r L = 0.0942 L$$

$$(4.3-14-1)$$

$$q = U \Delta T = 30 \frac{W}{m^2 K} \cdot 0.0942 L \cdot m^2 \cdot 100 K = 282.6 L \cdot W$$

(q/L)

$$\frac{q}{L} = 262.6 \frac{W}{m}$$

b)

260

가

$$r_{critical} = \frac{k_{insulation}}{h_{out}}$$

가

$$r_{critical} = \frac{k_{insulation}}{h_{out}} = \frac{0.08 \frac{W}{mK}}{30 \frac{W}{m^2K}} = 2.667mm$$

20mm

c)

가

?

2

$$U = \frac{1}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{1}{\frac{\Delta r}{kA_{lm}} + \frac{1}{hA_2}} \quad (4.3-14-1)$$

L

$$A_1 = 2\pi rL = 0.0942L$$

$$A_2 = 2\pi r_2L = 2\pi(0.015 + 0.02)L = 0.2198L$$

$$A_{lm} = \frac{A_2 - A_1}{\ln \frac{A_2}{A_1}} = \frac{0.2198L - 0.0942L}{\ln \frac{0.2198L}{0.0942L}} = 0.14824L$$

(4.3-14-1)

$$U = \frac{1}{\frac{0.02m}{0.08 \frac{W}{mK} \cdot 0.14824L \cdot m^2} + \frac{1}{30 \frac{W}{m^2K} \cdot 0.2198L \cdot m^2}} = 0.54404L \frac{W}{K}$$

$$q = U\Delta T = 0.54404L \frac{W}{K} \cdot 100K = 54.404L \cdot W$$

$$(q/L) \quad \frac{q}{L} = 54.404 \frac{W}{m}$$

1/5